## In the Claims:

Please enter the following amended claim set::

(currently amended) A method for measuring an evolution rate of a gas carbon dioxide from a sample, the method comprising the steps of:

equilibrating placing a sample in gas communication with a solution comprising an alkaline solution and a pH indicator;

permitting the alkaline solution to absorb formed carbon dioxide formed by the sample in an enclosed space;

following the equilibrating placing step, determining from a change in the pH indicator a time increment at which an increment of the alkaline solution is substantially consumed by the carbon dioxide;

calculating from the time increment a carbon dioxide evolution rate.

- 2. (currently amended) The method recited in Claim 1, wherein the equilibrating placing step comprises shaking the sample and the solution to enhance carbon dioxide absorption.
- 3. (currently amended) The method recited in Claim [[1]] 2, wherein the shaking step comprises shaking at a fixed rate.
- 4. (original) The method recited in Claim 1, wherein the alkaline solution comprises sodium hydroxide and barium chloride.

5. (original) The method recited in Claim 1, wherein the indicator comprises phenolphthalein.

- 6. (original) The method recited in Claim 5, wherein the indicator further comprises an ethanol solution.
- 7. (currently amended) The method recited in Claim 1, further comprising the step of performing a pre-equilibration comprising the steps, prior to the equilibrating placing step, of:
- a. equilibrating placing the sample in gas communication with a first amount of the solution comprising an alkaline solution and a pH indicator, the first amount sufficient to absorb the carbon dioxide formed during a predetermined amount of time;
- <u>b.</u> permitting the alkaline solution to absorb the formed carbon dioxide in the enclosed space for the predetermined amount of time; and
- <u>c.</u> withdrawing the alkaline solution to leave a predetermined portion in the reaction chamber following the <del>equilibrating</del> step (a).
- 8. (currently amended) The method recited in Claim 7, wherein the portion comprises substantially none withdrawing step comprises withdrawing substantially all of the solution.

- 9. (currently amended) The method recited in Claim 7, wherein the equilibrating step (a) comprises equilibrating placing a sample in gas communication with a predetermined quantity of the alkaline solution and the portion comprises the predetermined quantity.
- 10. (currently amended) The method recited in Claim 1, wherein the equilibrating placing step comprises injecting a predetermined quantity of the alkaline solution into the reaction chamber.
- 11. (currently amended) The method recited in Claim 10, further comprising the steps of:

repeating the equilibrating placing, permitting, and determining step a predetermined number of times; and

averaging the time increments from the repeated equilibrating placing, permitting, and determining steps; and wherein

the calculating step comprises calculating from the averaged time increment a carbon dioxide evolution rate.

12. (original) The method recited in Claim 1, wherein the change in the pH indicator comprises a visualizable color change.

13. (currently amended) The method recited in Claim 1, wherein the calculating step comprises using the following equation:

carbon dioxide evolution rate =  $(0.1 \times 10^3 \times M/2)/60t$ , wherein M is the <u>alkaline</u> concentration of the solution and t is the time increment.

- 14. (withdrawn) A device for measuring an evolution rate of a gas from a sample, the device comprising:
- a sample vial having an opening into an interior space for containing a sample therein; and

a reaction chamber having an opening adapted for mating with the sample vial opening and a solution-receiving opening for receiving a solution comprising an alkaline solution and a pH indicator, the reaction chamber dimensioned for equilibrating the sample with a predetermined amount of the solution to attain a CO<sub>2</sub> absorption/evolution equilibrium between the alkaline solution and the sample.

- 15. (withdrawn) The device recited in Claim 14, wherein the sample vial has a threaded coupling adjacent the opening and the reaction chamber has a septum liner leading to the sample vial, the septum liner matable with the threaded coupling.
- 16. (withdrawn) The device recited in Claim 14, wherein the reaction chamber comprises a substantially transparent spherical member and the solution-receiving opening is adapted for receiving a syringe tip thereinto.

17. (withdrawn) A system for measuring an evolution rate of a gas from a sample, the system comprising:

a respirometer device comprising:

a sample vial having an opening into an interior space for containing a sample therein; and

a reaction chamber having a mixing opening adapted for mating with the sample vial opening and a solution-receiving opening for receiving a solution comprising an alkaline solution and a pH indicator, the reaction chamber dimensioned for equilibrating the sample with a predetermined amount of the alkaline solution; and

means for determining from a change in the pH indicator a time increment at which an increment of the alkaline solution is substantially consumed by the formed CO<sub>2</sub>.

- 18. (withdrawn) The system recited in Claim 17, further comprising means for shaking the sample and the solution to enhance carbon dioxide absorption.
- 19. (withdrawn) The system recited in Claim 18, wherein the shaking means comprises means for shaking at a fixed rate.
- 20. (withdrawn) The system recited in Claim 19, wherein the shaking means comprises an orbital shaker.

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21. (withdrawn) The system recited in Claim 17, further comprising a syringe for injecting solution into the reaction chamber.

- 22. (withdrawn) The system recited in Claim 17, wherein the alkaline solution comprises sodium hydroxide and barium chloride.
- 23. (withdrawn) The system recited in Claim 17, wherein the indicator comprises phenolphthalein.
- 24. (withdrawn) The system recited in Claim 23, wherein the indicator further comprises an ethanol solution.
- 25. (withdrawn) The system recited in Claim 17, further comprising means for withdrawing at least some of the solution following a pre-equilibration period to leave a predetermined portion in the reaction chamber.